DUBLIN.

We are sorry to announce to the public, from very respectable authority, that ten of Lord Howe's fleet have been separated from him, by the high winds which have prevailed for several days past; but that his Lordship was determined still to pursue his course to Gibraltar.

We are happy to inform the public, That an order yesterday was made by the Privy Council, to encourage a Colony from Geneva to settle in this country. Some most respectable citizens from that oppressed Republic have been soliciting an asylum in this rising land of Liberty, for a number of their inhabitants who give the preference to Ireland, and propose to bring with them the arts and manufactures that have so long rendered that city the envy of Europe, and the continued object of the jealousy of France.

Several soldiers of the garrison, who attended Earl Temple on his arrival, have declared that they heard only of his Excellency's generosity in the papers; not having received the shilling which his Lordship was said to have ordered each man.

We are informed that the Magistrates of the Province of Connaught are determined not to attest any recruits which may be enlisted for the army on the English establishment, or FENCIBLES, until the raising of the 20,000 seamen and marines, promised by this kingdom, is completed; and it is hoped that the Magistrates of the other parts of this kingdom will follow so spirited an example.

The slaughtering has already begun here with tolerable spirit, notwithstanding the high price with which the market has opened, cows of 4½ cwt. being no less than 16s. per cwt.—bullocks of 6 cwt. at 18s. 8d. The prices will, it is hoped be shortly reduced, as no considerable orders are yet arrived.

A letter from Marseilles, dated the 1st of Sept. inst. to a house in this city, mentions the arrival of three Gentlemen from the Coast of Coromandel, charged with intelligence of the most important nature from M. de Suffrein, no less it is said, than the total discomfiture of the British fleet and army in the Peninsula of India, and the greatest preparations making by the combined forces of Holland, France, and Hyder Ally, for a general attack on all the British settlements in Asia.—Though we have in general some reasons to fear some part of the above very interesting account not entirely void of foundation, yet so sudden a change in our affairs in that part of the world favours too much of the marvellous to deserve implicit belief. The city of Marseilles and all the Bastides were illuminated on this occasion the 30th of August.

By letters from Spain, there is great reason to imagine that the combined fleet of Bourbon intend to dispute with that of Britain, the passage into the Gut of Gibraltar, as these letters affirm, that so far from their taking shelter in the ports of Corunna or Cadiz, they are actually cruising on the coast of Portugal as far as Cape St. Vincent.

The Lloyd's List of yesterday's packet advises, the capture of one vessel from the enemy.

To-morrow a Post-Assembly, we hear, will be held at the Tholsel, to consider the propriety of the city's taking some notice, either by resolution, stricture or remonstratory address, of the measure of raising Fencible Regiments.

From the General Meeting as this day, in Dublin, of all Delegates appointed on the Distillery Business it is expected such prudent yet spirited determinations will be resolved on, as will be ultimately of the utmost good consequence to the agriculture of the kingdom, and to a general establishment of the exportation of Whiskey. The clause in Mr. Beresford's late act regulating Distillers, that in cases of seizure and of appeal from the Commissioners, a *Judge* and not a *Jury*, is finally to determine the property, is such a direct and open violation of all legal and final settlement of right, that tho' but one of the numerous grievances the Distillers of Ireland labour under, it is sufficient to render the last act abominable in the sight of every man, who wishes to see the laws of his country established only on strict constitutional principles.

A letter from Oporto received in the course of last week, by a merchant here, advises, that by a temporary order, Irish manufactured goods may be imported into the Portuguese ports.—This order is not established by any act of state, or Royal edict, so that it may be instantly recalled. Such is the precarious tenure by which we hold this almost only object of the Free Trade our sister kingdom has permitted us to participate with her.

We are sorry to observe, we can announce to the public from very good authority, that the present new Administration are determined to support the measure of the Fencible Regiments.

So threatening is the power of opposition in England, in their next sessions of Parliament, and so great and various are the Ministerial parties which are forming, that many men are firmly of opinion the Temple Administration of this kingdom will be as short lived as that of the Duke of Portland. But during these political changings and unsettled state of behaviour, let Ireland be circumspect to act with that steadiness and determination, as will render it equally indifferent to her whether she has a Whig or a Tory their Governor.

By letters from Lisbon, we are informed, that the merchants of that city, on the probable [illegible] exportation of Muscovate

increase the quantity of that commodity [illegible] season so much, that it is expected there in the course of the month of October, will bring over upwards of 20,000 hogsheads of sugar.

A letter from Captain Macbride, of his Majesty's ship Artois, by Thursday's post from Waterford, where he arrived from our bay on the 23d, brought the agreeable news that on his passage he fell in with 12 sail of the Leeward Island fleet, homeward-bound, being the Liverpool division for that port.

A letter from the North mentions, that the freeholders of the county of Armagh are so displeased with one of their representatives, that they propose to call a meeting for the purpose of nominating Col. Richardson of Richhill, as a fit person to represent them in the next sessions of Parliament.

On the 18th instant, the sloop Catherin, of Wexford, laden with butter, cheese, bacon, &c. bound from that port to Dublin, was in a hard gale of wind, wrecked on the Dogger Bank, one league from shore and about nine miles from Wexford. Mr. Morwood, surveyor of Rosslare, observing the misfortune, humanely sent out his barge, and providentially by such immediate assistance, the whole crew and passengers were saved except a child, which was washed out of the mother's arms. Upon the intelligence reaching Wexford, the Volunteer corps of the town, commanded by Colonels Hawkes and Jacob, with all expedition repaired to the shore, by whose timely and spirited exertions, by plunging themselves into the water, recovered the whole night to protect the same. Too much praise cannot be given to the Volunteers of Wexford, for distinguishing themselves on this as well as every other occasion, where either humanity or the interest of their country called for their assistance.

On Saturday last, a poor unfortunate wretch, in the 75th year of his age, was executed at Athy in the county of Kildare, pursuant to his sentence at the last assizes for that county:—the crime for which he was executed was incepstealing! It is somewhat remarkable, that from the time of his being led from the jail to the moment he was launched into eternity (a space of near three hours) he never spoke a word; and when the hangman was fixing the rope about his neck at the gallows, through some mismanagement he fell from the car, and was severely bruised by the fall, yet the pain (if he had any feeling) never excited the smallest complaint, and he died as seemingly insensible of his punishment, as if he had been totally inanimate. Notwithstanding this wretched being was said to have been an old offender, yet his offences were confined to the stealing of sheep and corn, to which he might have been excited by want, or idle habits, which might have been corrected by timely attention; still his punishment was as severe as if he had committed murder, or other acts of the blackest dye: This, we presume, (among a thousand other instances) points out the necessity of a speedy revision of our criminal laws.

The following observations come from an ingenious hand.—That in consequence of the courses of the sun and moon the 9th of October, the 7th of November, and the 6th of December next, there will be the highest spring tides that have happened for many years; therefore it is necessary that those who have lands near the sea should graze them before they are overflowed; for if the wind should happen to be westerly at the above times, the tides will be very high in the Bristol and English channel.

MARRIED. At Cork, Henry James Wilson, Esq. Doctor of Physic, to Miss Eliza Baldwin of Bandon, an agreeable young Lady, with a handsome fortune.—At St. Mary Shandon, near Cork, Mr. E. H. Hopper, of Mary's-street, to Miss Duggan, daughter to Mr. John Duggan, of Blarney-lane.—At Borris, co. Carlow, James Archbold, of Davidstown, co. Kildare, Esq. to Miss Kavanagh, daughter of Thomas Kavanagh, of Borris, Esq; and grand daughter of Walter Butler, of Garricken, Esq.

DIED. At Ennisteague, co. Kilkenny, the widow of Edward Eustace, late of Colbinstown, co. of Kildare, Esq.—At Ballyragget, the Rev. Wm. Phelan. In Kilkenny, the Rev. Thomas Quirk.—A few days ago, after a lingering illness occasioned by a rigid confinement in an American prison, Mr. John Moore, of the Queen's regiment of Dragoons.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Sligo, Sept. 20. Late on Wednesday evening, the following melancholy accident happened at the Oyster-Island about three miles westward of this town. A boat in which there were eleven men crossing from the island to the opposite shore, ran suddenly upon the cable of a ship which lay at anchor in the river, and unluckily overset; five of them were unfortunately drowned before any assistance could be given, and the rest saved their lives, some by swimming ashore, and others by getting hold of the cable. The bodies of those who perished have not yet been found. Where these unfortunate people suffered, the tide runs above twelve knots an hour, and its ebbing at a time, it is generally imagined, must have carried them to sea, which opens very extensive of the place. Those lost, are, James and [illegible] Gilligan, —— Boyle, Bryan Cura[illegible] Carneen. Those saved are [illegible] Cassidy's, Mr. Ingram, [illegible] James Devany, a sailor, [illegible] the North, whose name [illegible] was luckily taken up [illegible] brought to shore to a [illegible]

King, of the Ballina and Arburee [illegible] for the British navy, marched into town, and embarked on board the guardship in our river.

LIMERICK.

This day George Smyth, Esq; was sworn into the office of Mayor, George Tompkins, and Hugh Brady, Esqrs. Sheriffs, Thomas Lloyd, Esq; Recorder, and Robert Hallam, Esq; Town Clerk, for the ensuing year.

Immediately after the New Mayor was sworn into Office, he gave notice that a Court of Conscience would be held every Monday & Thursday at 12 o'clock, to determine all Debts under 40s. This will be of the utmost utility to the trading part of this City, as the honest Creditors can recover small Sums, at the trifling expence of a Summons.

Yesterday sennight an Ordination was held at the Cathedral Church of Killala, when the following Gentlemen were Ordained Priests and Deacons by the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Killala: Viz. the Rev Messrs. Ingram, Stoughton, Ellison, Little, Young, Duke, Medlicott, Thompson, Lloyd; and Bennett, Deacons, to be Priests; and the Rev. Messrs. Studdart, Moore and Birmingham, Deacons.

Friday Captain O'Bryen's Company of Invalids, marched in here from Dingle, on their way to Galway, where they are to do duty 'till further orders.

Port-News Sept. 29. Sailed the Catherina Sophia, Vichol, butter, soap, cowhorns and tips.

To The PUBLIC.

The Governors, Governesses and Subscribers to the Fever and Contagious Hospital lately instituted near St. John's-gate, in the City of Limerick, are requested to meet at the Rev. Deane Hoare's at New Town Pery, at 12 o'Clock on Tuesday the 15th Day of October next, to inspect the past Accounts of the House; to elect a Treasurer, Physician and Surgeon; to appoint a Salary for the two latter; and Wages for the House-keeper and other Servants; to agree upon the Days for the Annual General Quarterly Meetings; to appoint a Standing Committee; and to consider and resolve upon such other matters as shall be judg'd expedient.

N. B. The Governors, Governesses and Subscribers, request the attendance of all others, who think they may furnish any Hints which may tend to the promoting one of the most necessary Institutions in this populous City, and which has already proved its vast Utility, by having rescued many Families, from the most alarming and impending Dangers to themselves and their Neighbourhoods.

The City Debtors Twenty in Number, most humbly implore the Charity of the humane Inhabitants of this City, as they are in a famishing condition.

Died. Last Friday, sincerely regretted by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance, Mrs. Sexton, relict of the late Mr. Edmond Sexton, Merchant.

*** ENGLISH BOTTLES and WINDOW GLASS, just arrived from BRISTOL, to be Sold on Reasonable Terms by JOHN UNTHANK.

All Spirited Young Men, who are willing to Enter into the MUNSTER REGIMENT, commanded by the EARL of INCHIQUIN, are desired to apply to VERE HUNT, Esq; Major of said Regiment, who will give them every Encouragement.

N. B. They are to be Enlisted but for Three Years, and not be removed out of this Kingdom.

At a full Meeting of the LOYAL LIMERICK VOLUNTEERS, holden at the Council Chamber, on the 29th September, 1782.

Major THOMAS BURGESS in the Chair.

RESOLVED unanimously, That we conceive the Formation of Fencible Regiments to be contrary to the Legislature, and to the Truly Patriotic concurrence of the Volunteer Army, after the manly and approved Representation of them by Parliament, declaring them to be fully sufficient for the Defence of their Native Land, after granting that generous Aid of Five Thousand Troops from this Kingdom, for the IMMEDIATE Service of the Empire.

RESOLVED, (with one dissenting Voice only) That the raising of such [illegible] tend to disturb that Tranquillity [illegible] Confidence which should here[illegible] between the two Kingdoms, [illegible] a measure (so fraught wi[illegible] must naturally convey a [illegible] in the Loyalty and Spi[illegible] and rey[illegible] by [illegible] ship ROY[illegible] June, when the o[illegible] August, 1782:—

ADMIRAL KEMPENFEL[illegible]
Captain Waghorn, saved.
George Saunders, first Lieute[illegible]
Monings Hollingbury, secon[illegible] shore.
Joseph Whitman, third Lieu[illegible]
John Mackillop, fifth Lieut[illegible]
Charles-Philip Durham, [illegible]
Jer. Vigars, seventh Lieutenan[illegible]
William Richardson, saved.

hold any Volunteer Officer or Private (in the Corps) who forsakes the Volunteer Cause (of Freedom,) to become the secret or avowed Supporter of so obnoxious an Insult offered to the Privileges of Parliament, and to the Just Rights of a long Injured and Oppressed Country, as deserving the Appellation of an Enemy to his Country.

RESOLVED, (With one dissenting Voice only.) That We will not on any Occasion, Corps with, or Act in any Military Capacity whatsoever, with any Body of Men under the Denomination of Military Fencibles, neither will we in future (should the Regular Forces be withdrawn) do Duty as usual in this City, or any other City or Town, for the Preservation of its Inhabitants, or the Police thereof, whose Chief Magistrate for the Time being, shall in any wise ABET, AID, or ASSIST in carrying into Execution such a Measure.

Sept. 30, 1782.

RESOLVED, That this be Published in the Dublin Evening Post and Limerick Papers, for three Insertions.

ARNOLD EGGERS, Sec. L. L. V.

To be LET

AND entered into as soon as agreed for, the LARGE HOUSE lately inhabited by the Rev. Mr. Cashin and late Recorder Bindon, in St. Munchin's Parish, Limerick, with a Coach house and two Stables, and all other Convenient Offices, fit for a genteel Family, in staunch and tenantable Repair. Enquire of the Rev. Mr. SEYMOUR or Mrs. JANE WIGHT for further Particulars.

To be Sold by Auction,

ON Monday next, the 7th of October, the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of Errinagh, near Donass, with a Parcel of Milch Cows, Farming Utensils, a Stack of Oats, and some Wheat. Also a Brewing Pan, Brewing Utensils, &c. &c.

Limerick, Sept. 30, 1782.

To be Sold Separately or Together,

A Light Open PHAETON, in thorough Repair, with a Pair of elegant long tailed black Mares, rising four and five Years Old. Time will be given for Payment, (on good Security) if required. Enquire of the Printer hereof. Sept. 30, 1782.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS DENNIS READY, my Apprentice, has eloped from my Service, before which he was guilty of so many Crimes to the prejudice of my Credit, that I think it incumbent on me to give this Notice to the Public to beware of him, as I intend to keep him no longer, in justice to myself. M. LESTON.

THE several Persons Indebted to Michael Enright, of the Crown and Anchor Tavern, are requested to pay in their several Debts to Hugh Gough, Esq; to enable the said Enright to satisfy those Gentlemen that have called upon him, otherwise the most speedy Steps will be taken to recover them.

Lost or Mislaid by said Enright, John M'Namara, Esq'rs. Promissory Note for 10l. 7s. 8d½. Indorsed by said Enright. It is requested it may not be taken in any Dealing.

Sept. 30, 1782.

TO be SOLD

FOR Payment of Debts, due of the late Michael Halloran, of Rapholan, in the County of Clare, deceased.

The said Halloran's Interest in the Lands of BALLYNEVAN, PARKATAGHART, and KNOCKATUBBER, of which Rathes are Sixteen Years to run of the [illegible] said Farms, from the first Day [illegible] and are set to solvent Tenants, [illegible] a clear Profit of Thirty Pounds [illegible]

Proposals to be received by Al[illegible] FITZGERALD, Esq in Limerick, and by MARGRET HALLORAN, Widow and Administratrix of said Michael, [illegible] aforesaid.—No Preference [illegible] any Person. The several Gr[illegible] said Michael Halloran, are [illegible] the said Widow, and [illegible] their Accounts as [illegible] all those indebted [illegible] was fen[illegible] the flames [illegible] the Deb[illegible]

A curiou[illegible] said, that I [illegible] had fe[illegible] ter than [illegible] Quaf[illegible]